

* Pushdown Automata:

⇒ A Pushdown Automata is defined by 7 Tuples.

$$P = \{Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, z_0, F\}$$

Where,

Q → Set of Finite states

Σ → Input Symbols

Γ → Stack Symbols

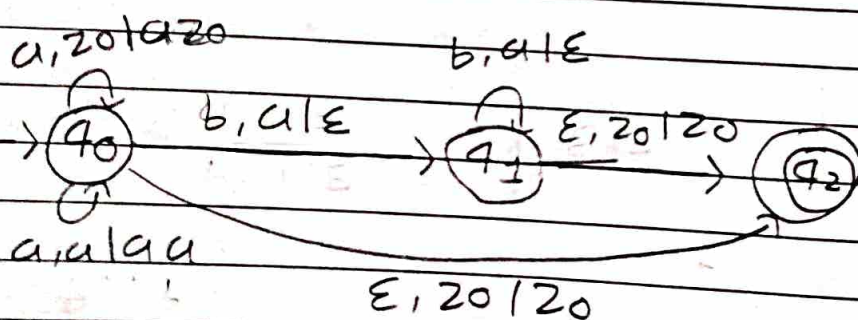
δ → Transition Function

q_0 → Initial states

z_0 → Start stack symbol

F → Final states

Ex. Draw PDA For $P = \{a^n b^n, n > 0\}$.



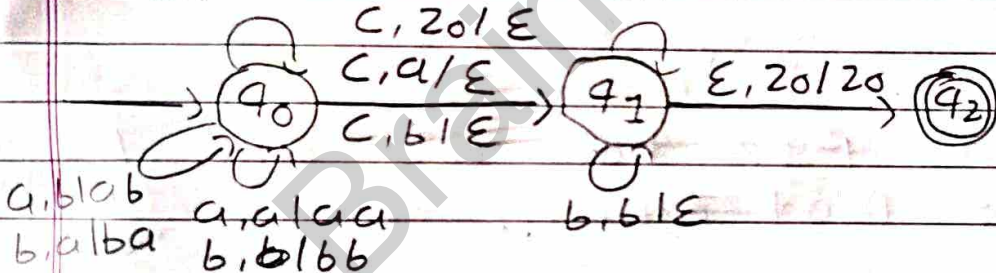
No.	State	i/p	stack	Move
1	q ₀	^	z ₀	(q ₀ , z ₀)
2	q ₀	a	z ₀	(q ₀ , az ₀)
3	q ₀	a	a	(q ₀ , aa)
4	q ₀	b	a	(q ₁ , ε)
5	q ₁	b	a	(q ₂ , ε)
6	q ₁	ε	z ₀	(q ₀ , z ₀)

Ex. Draw PDA For $L = \{x \in x^R \mid x \in \{a, b\}^*\}$ and L are odd length Palindrome

b, zolbzo

a, zolazo

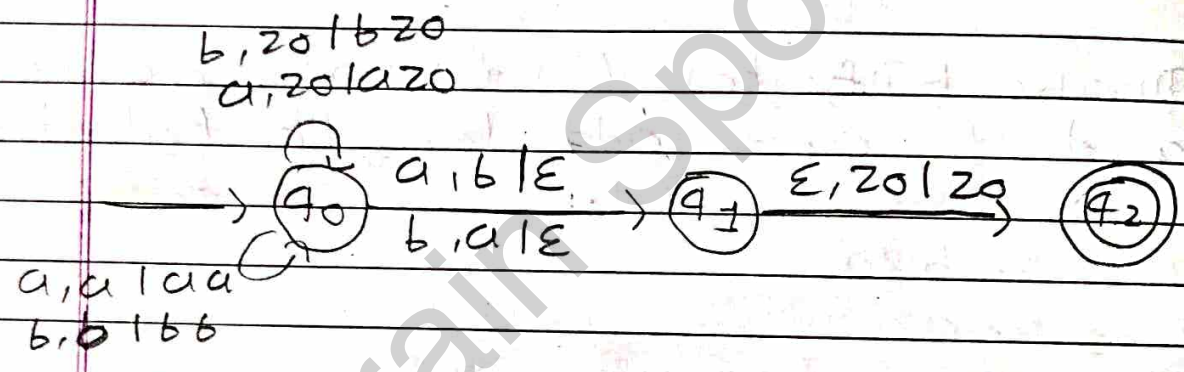
a, a1ε



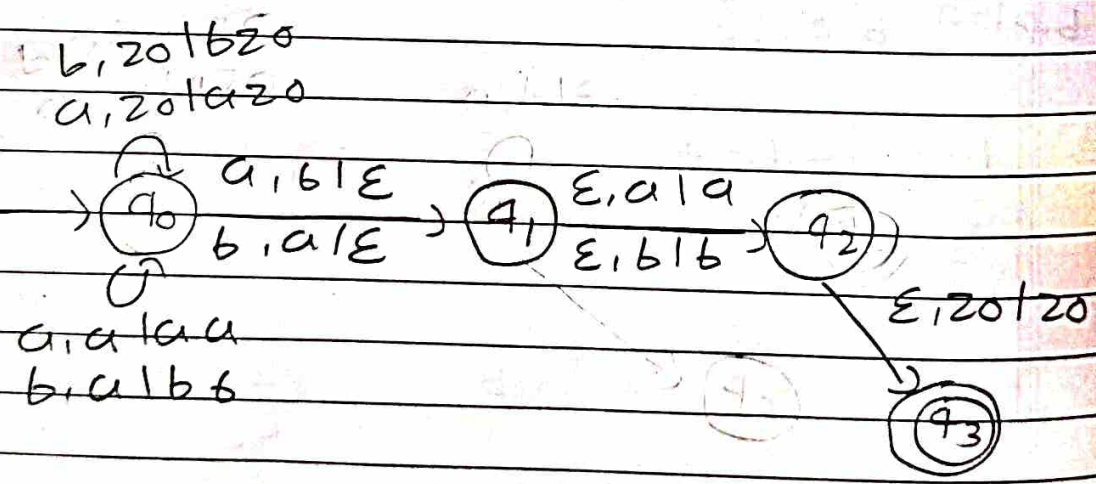
No.	State	i/p	stack	Move
1	q ₀	^	z ₀	(q ₀ , z ₀)
2	q ₀	a	z ₀	(q ₀ , az ₀)
3	q ₀	b	z ₀	(q ₀ , bz ₀)
4	q ₀	a	a	(q ₀ , aa)
5	q ₀	b	b	(q ₀ , bb)
6	q ₀	a	b	(q ₀ , ab)
7	q ₀	b	a	(q ₀ , ba)
8	q ₀	c	z ₀	(q ₁ , z ₀)

9	q ₀	C	a	(q ₁ , a)
10	q ₀	C	b	(q ₁ , b)
11	q ₁	a	a	(q ₁ , ε)
12	q ₁	b	b	(q ₁ , ε)
13	q ₁	ε	z ₀	(q ₂ , z ₀)

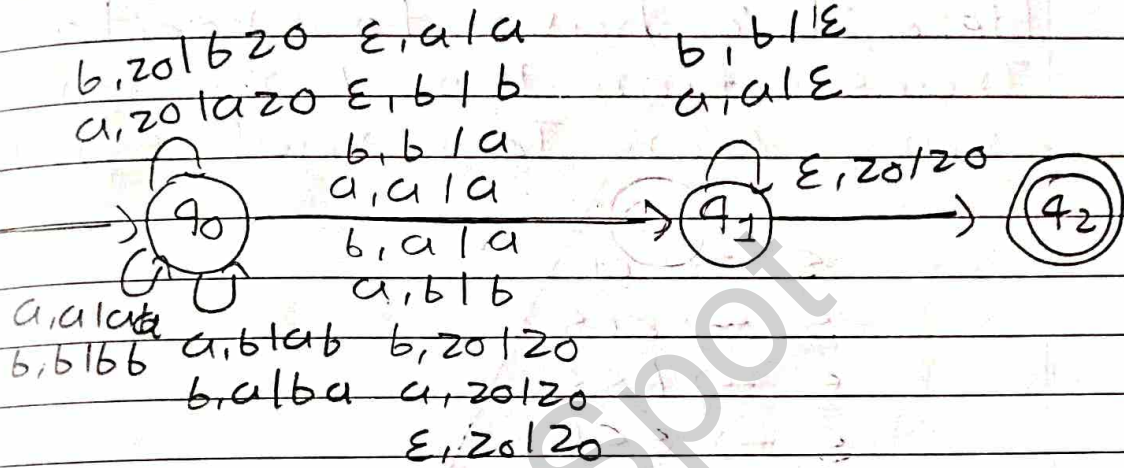
Ex. Draw PDA For a's and b's are same



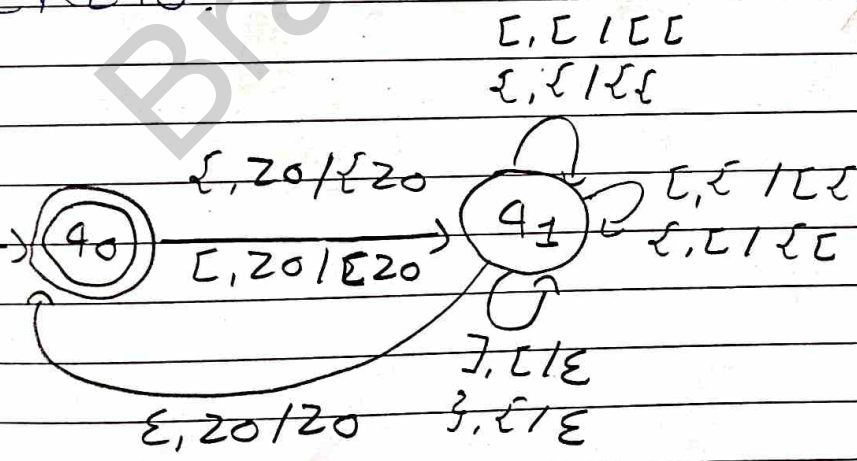
Ex. Draw PDA For a's and b's are Not equal.



Ex. PDA For All the Length Palindrome



* PDA For Balance String of brackets.



* Convert CFG to PDA

Ex. $S \rightarrow asa$
 $S \rightarrow bsb$
 $S \rightarrow c$

\Rightarrow Here, we have to write Production Rule for every terminals are Non-Terminals.

Production Rules:

- 1 $S(Cq_0, \epsilon, \epsilon) \Rightarrow (Cq_0, \epsilon)$
- 2 $S(Cq_0, \epsilon, S) \Rightarrow (Cq_0, asa)$
- 3 $S(Cq_0, \epsilon, S) \Rightarrow (Cq_0, bsb)$
- 4 $S(Cq_0, \epsilon, S) \Rightarrow (Cq_0, c)$
- 5 $S(Cq_0, a, a) \Rightarrow (Cq_1, a)$
- 6 $S(Cq_0, b, b) \Rightarrow (Cq_2, b)$
- 7 $S(Cq_0, c, c) \Rightarrow (Cq_3, c)$

After that we have to create Transaction Table for or Function Any string.

Production Rule

- $(Cq_0, abbcabba, \epsilon)$
- $\rightarrow (Cq_0, abbcabba, S) - ①$
 - $\rightarrow (Cq_0, abbcabba, aSa) - 2$
 - $\rightarrow (Cq_1, bbcabba, Sa) - 5$
 - $\rightarrow (Cq_0, bbcabba, bSba) - 3$
 - $\rightarrow (Cq_2, bcbba, Sba) - 6$

$\rightarrow (q_0, bcbba, bSbba) - 3$

$\rightarrow (q_2, cbba, sbba) - 6$

$\rightarrow (q_0, cbba, cbba) - 4$

$\rightarrow (q_3, bba, bba) - 7$

$\rightarrow (q_2, ba, ba) - 6$

$\rightarrow (q_2, a, a) - 6$

$\rightarrow (q_1, \epsilon, \epsilon) - 5$

$\rightarrow (q_1, \epsilon) - 1$